

2013-J5595

LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTION commemorating the 205th Independence Day in Ecuador on August 10, 2014

WHEREAS, Ecuador enjoys a rich and diverse history dating back to as early as 12,000 BC -- home to many advanced indigenous cultures including the Chorrera, Jama, Coaque, Bahia, Tolita, Machalilla, Valdiva and the Incas; and

WHEREAS, The Incas developed an advanced society until the arrival of and subsequent conquering by the Spanish in the 1530s; and

WHEREAS, Ecuador was ruled from Lima until 1563, at which time the Audiencia de Quito was established; and

WHEREAS, In 1739, the Audiencia was transferred back to the Viceroyalty of Peru, which was part of the Viceroyalty of Colombia, or Nueva Granada; and

WHEREAS, Under Spanish rule, there was a great disparity in quality of life between the ruling class and the indigenous people and later generations of "mestizos" -- who were treated abysmally, often stuck in a system of forced labor; and

WHEREAS, On August 10, 1809, a revolutionary group led by Juan Pío Montufo took over Quito and installed the first Junta, thereby establishing Peru's first post colonial government; and

WHEREAS, Some 24 days later, Spain regained control of Quito; Quito remained under Spanish control for the next decade until Colombia's independence was won under the leadership of Simon Bolivar, thereby deeming Ecuador a free territory; and

WHEREAS, In 1819, the power was returned to the people of Ecuador, though complete autonomy from Spain was not fully established until 1824, where Bolivar's army regained Quito after the decisive Battle of Pichincha; and

WHEREAS, Many Ecuadorians have made New York their home, and this Legislative Body is justly proud to thank the Ecuadorian people for their contributions to this great Empire State; now, therefore, be it RESOLVED, That this Legislative Body pause in its deliberations to commemorate the 205th Independence Day in Ecuador on August 10, 2014; and be it further RESOLVED, That copies of this Resolution, suitably engrossed, be transmitted to Minister Jorge Lopez Amaya, Consul General of Ecuador in New York and the various Ecuadorian organizations in the State of New York.